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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 2012

ENROLLED

FOR House Bill No. 4390

(By Delegates Doyle, Rodighiero, Ferro, Frazier, Reynolds, Storch and Walters)

Passed March 10, 2012

To Take Effect Ninety Days From Passage

ENROLLED

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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H.B. 4390

(By Delegates Doyle, Rodighiero, Ferro, Frazier, Reynolds, Storch and Walters)

[Passed March 10, 2012; to take effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to repeal §39-4-1, §39-4-2, §39-4-3, §39-4-4, §39-4-5, §39-4-6 and §39-4-7 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend said code by adding thereto a new chapter, designated §39B-1-101, §39B-1-102, §39B-1-103, §39B-1-104, §39B-1-105, §39B-1-106, §39B-1-107, §39B-1-108, §39B-1-109, §39B-1-110, §39B-1-111, §39B-1-112, §39B-1-113, §39B-1-114, §39B-1-115, §39B-1-116, §39B-1-117, §39B-1-118, §39B-1-119, §39B-1-120, §39B-1-121, §39B-1-122, §39B-1-123, §39B-2-101, §39B-2-102, §39B-2-103, §39B-2-104, §39B-2-105, §39B-2-106, §39B-2-107, §39B-2-108, §39B-2-110, §39B-2-111, §39B-2-112, §39B-2-109, §39B-2-113, §39B-2-114, §39B-2-115, §39B-2-116, §39B-2-117, §39B-3-101 §39B-3-102, §39B-4-101, §39B-4-102, and §39B-4-103; and to amend and reenact §44A-3-3 of said code, all relating to repealing the Uniform Durable Power of Attorney Act and adopting the Uniform Power of Attorney Act; declaring the state law of the state where the power of attorney is executed to be controlling;

providing a short title; providing definitions; setting forth the applicability of the act; providing that the power of attorney is durable; requiring the power of attorney to be acknowledged before a notary public or other individual authorized by law to take acknowledgments; providing for execution, validity and meaning and effect of power of attorney; nominating conservator or guardian and relation of agent to court-appointed fiduciary; providing when power of attorney effective; terminating power of attorney or agent's authority; providing for coagents and successor agents and their liability; reimbursing and compensating agent, exception; providing for agent's acceptance of appointment and agent's duties; exonerating agent in power of attorney, exceptions; providing certain persons judicial relief to construe a power of attorney or review an agent's conduct; providing for agent's liability in certain monetary amounts; providing for resignation of agent; accepting and relying upon acknowledged power of attorney and for what a request may be made before accepting the power of attorney; providing for liability for refusing to accept an acknowledged statutory form power of attorney; declaring that principles of law and equity supplement the act; providing that laws applicable to financial institutions and entities supercede this act; declaring remedies under the act are not exclusive; granting specific and general authority under the power of attorney; providing for granting general authority of the agent under a power of attorney which incorporates by reference a subject matter involving real property, tangible personal property, stocks and bonds, commodities and options, financial institutions, operation of an entity or business, insurance and annuities, estates, trusts and other beneficial interests, claims and litigation, personal and family maintenance, benefits from governmental programs or civil or military service, retirement plans, taxes and gifts; providing a statutory form power of attorney form; providing miscellaneous provisions relating to uniformity of application and construction and relating to electronic signatures in the Global and National Commerce

Act; providing application of act on existing powers of attorney; and removing provision in the West Virginia Guardianship and Conservatorship Act that a conservator may not revoke or amend a durable power of attorney without approval of the court to avoid a conflict.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §39-4-1, §39-4-2, §39-4-3, §39-4-4, §39-4-5, §39-4-6 and §39-4-7 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new chapter, designated §39B-1-101, §39B-1-102, §39B-1-103, §39B-1-104, §39B-1-105, §39B-1-106, §39B-1-107, §39B-1-108, §39B-1-109, §39B-1-110, §39B-1-111, §39B-1-112, §39B-1-113, §39B-1-114, §39B-1-115, §39B-1-116, §39B-1-117, §39B-1-118, §39B-1-119, §39B-1-120, §39B-1-121, §39B-1-122, §39B-1-123, §39B-2-101, §39B-2-102, §39B-2-103, §39B-2-104, §39B-2-105, §39B-2-106, §39B-2-107, §39B-2-108, §39B-2-110, §39B-2-111, §39B-2-112, §39B-2-113, §39B-2-114, §39B-2-115, §39B-2-116, §39B-2-117, §39B-3-101, §39B-3-102, §39B-4-101, §39B-4-102, and §39B-4-103; and that §44A-3-3 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 39B. UNIFORM POWER OF ATTORNEY ACT.

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§39B-1-101. Short title.

- 1 This chapter may be cited as the Uniform Power of
- 2 Attorney Act, and is cited in this chapter as "this act".

§39B-1-102. Definitions.

In this act:

- 2 (1) "Agent" means a person granted authority to act for 3 a principal under a power of attorney, whether denominated 4 an agent, attorney-in-fact or otherwise. The term includes an 5 original agent, coagent, successor agent and a person to 6 which an agent's authority is delegated.
- 7 (2) "Durable," with respect to a power of attorney means 8 not terminated by the principal's incapacity.
- 9 (3) "Electronic" means relating to technology having 10 electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic 11 or similar capabilities.
- 12 (4) "Good faith" means honesty in fact.
- 13 (5) "Incapacity" means inability of an individual to 14 manage property or business affairs because the individual:
- 15 (A) Has an impairment in the ability to receive and 16 evaluate information or make or communicate decisions even 17 with the use of technological assistance; or
- 18 (B) Is:
- 19 (i) Detained, including incarcerated in a penal system; 20 or
- 21 (ii) Outside the United States and unable to return.
- 22 (6) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business 23 trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, 24 association, joint venture, public corporation, government or 25 governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality or any 26 other legal or commercial entity.

- 27 (7) "Power of attorney" means a writing or other record 28 that grants authority to an agent to act in the place of the 29 principal, whether or not the term power of attorney is used.
- 30 (8) exercisable "Presently general power 31 appointment," with respect to property or a property interest 32 subject to a power of appointment, means power exercisable 33 at the time in question to vest absolute ownership in the 34 principal individually, the principal's estate, the principal's 35 creditors or the creditors of the principal's estate. The term 36 includes a power of appointment not exercisable until the 37 occurrence of a specified event, the satisfaction of an 38 ascertainable standard, or the passage of a specified period 39 only after the occurrence of the specified event, the 40 satisfaction of the ascertainable standard or the passage of the 41 specified period. The term does not include a power 42 exercisable in a fiduciary capacity or only by will.
- 43 (9) "Principal" means an individual who grants authority 44 to an agent in a power of attorney.
- 45 (10) "Property" means anything that may be the subject 46 of ownership, whether real or personal, or legal or equitable 47 or any interest or right therein.
- 48 (11) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a 49 tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other 50 medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- 51 (12) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or 52 adopt a record:
- 53 (A) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
- 54 (B) To attach to or logically associate with the record an electronic sound, symbol or process.

- 56 (13) "State" means a state of the United States, the
- 57 District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
- Islands or any territory or insular possession subject to the 58
- 59 jurisdiction of the United States.
- 60 (14) "Stocks and bonds" means stocks, bonds, mutual
- 61 funds and all other types of securities and financial
- 62 instruments, whether held directly, indirectly or in any other
- 63 manner. The term does not include commodity futures
- 64 contracts and call or put options on stocks or stock indexes.

§39B-1-103. Applicability.

- 1 This act applies to all powers of attorney except:
- (1) A power to the extent it is coupled with an interest 2
- 3 in the subject of the power, including a power given to or
- 4 for the benefit of a creditor in connection with a credit
- 5 transaction:
- 6 (2) A power to make health-care decisions;
- 7 (3) A proxy or other delegation to exercise voting rights
- 8 or management rights with respect to an entity; and
- 9 (4) A power created on a form prescribed by a
- 10 government or governmental subdivision, agency or
- 11 instrumentality for a governmental purpose.

§39B-1-104. Power of attorney is durable.

- 1 A power of attorney created under this act is durable
- 2 unless it expressly provides that it is terminated by the
- 3 incapacity of the principal.

§39B-1-105. Execution of power of attorney.

- 1 A power of attorney must be signed by the principal or in
- 2 the principal's conscious presence by another individual
- 3 directed by the principal to sign the principal's name on the
- 4 power of attorney and must be acknowledged by the principal
- 5 before a notary public or other individual authorized by law
- 6 to take acknowledgments.

§39B-1-106. Validity of power of attorney.

- 1 (a) A power of attorney executed in this state on or after
- 2 the effective date of this act, is valid if its execution complies
- 3 with section one hundred five of this article.
- 4 (b) A power of attorney executed in this state before the
- 5 effective date of this act, is valid if its execution complied
- 6 with the law of this state as it existed at the time of
- 7 execution.
- 8 (c) A power of attorney executed other than in this state
- 9 is valid in this state if, when the power of attorney was
- 10 executed, the execution complied with:
- 11 (1) The law of the jurisdiction that determines the
- 12 meaning and effect of the power of attorney pursuant to
- 13 section one hundred seven of this article; or
- 14 (2) The requirements for a military power of attorney
- 15 pursuant to 10 U. S. C. §1044b.
- 16 (d) Except as otherwise provided by statute other than
- 17 this act, a photocopy or electronically transmitted copy of an
- original power of attorney has the same effect as the original.

§39B-1-107. Meaning and effect of power of attorney.

- 1 The meaning and effect of a power of attorney is
- 2 determined by the law of the jurisdiction indicated in the
- 3 power of attorney and, in the absence of an indication of
- 4 jurisdiction, by the law of the jurisdiction in which the power
- 5 of attorney was executed.

§39B-1-108. Nomination of conservator or guardian; relation of agent to court-appointed fiduciary.

- 1 (a) In a power of attorney, a principal may nominate a
- 2 conservator of the principal's estate or guardian of the
- 3 principal's person for consideration by the court if protective
- 4 proceedings for the principal's estate or person are begun
- 5 after the principal executes the power of attorney. In the
- 6 protective proceedings the court shall consider the
- 7 nomination in accordance with the provisions of section
- 8 eight, article two, chapter forty-four-a of this code.
- 9 (b) If, after a principal executes a power of attorney, a
- 10 court appoints a conservator of the principal's estate or other
- 11 fiduciary charged with the management of some or all of the
- 12 principal's property, the agent is accountable to the fiduciary
- 13 as well as to the principal. Unless otherwise ordered by the
- 14 court making the appointment, the power of attorney and the
- 15 agent's authority thereunder terminates upon the
- 16 appointment.

§39B-1-109. When power of attorney effective.

- 1 (a) A power of attorney is effective when executed unless
- 2 the principal provides in the power of attorney that it
- 3 becomes effective at a future date or upon the occurrence of
- 4 a future event or contingency.

- 5 (b) If a power of attorney becomes effective upon the occurrence of a future event or contingency, the principal, in the power of attorney, may authorize one or more persons to determine in a writing or other record that the event or contingency has occurred.
- 10 (c) If a power of attorney becomes effective upon the 11 principal's incapacity and the principal has not authorized a 12 person to determine whether the principal is incapacitated, or 13 the person authorized is unable or unwilling to make the 14 determination, the power of attorney becomes effective upon 15 a determination in a writing or other record by:
- 16 (1) A physician or licensed psychologist that the principal 17 is incapacitated within the meaning of section one hundred 18 two (5)(A) of this article; or
- 19 (2) An attorney at law, a judge or an appropriate 20 governmental official that the principal is incapacitated 21 within the meaning of section one hundred two (5)(B) of this 22 article.
- 23 (d) A person authorized by the principal in the power of 24 attorney to determine that the principal is incapacitated may 25 act as the principal's personal representative pursuant to the 26 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, §1171 27 through §1179 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S. C. 28 §1320d, and applicable regulations, to obtain access to the 29 principal's health-care information and communicate with the 30 principal's health-care provider.

§39B-1-110. Termination of power of attorney or agent's authority.

(a) A power of attorney terminates when:

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- 2 (1) The principal dies;
- 3 (2) The principal becomes incapacitated, if the power of
- 4 attorney is not durable;
- 5 (3) The principal revokes the power of attorney;
- 6 (4) The power of attorney provides that it terminates;
- 7 (5) The purpose of the power of attorney is accomplished;
- 8 or
- 9 (6) The principal revokes the agent's authority or the
- 10 agent dies, becomes incapacitated, or resigns, and the power
- 11 of attorney does not provide for another agent to act under
- 12 the power of attorney.
- 13 (b) An agent's authority terminates when:
- 14 (1) The principal revokes the authority;
- 15 (2) The agent dies, becomes incapacitated, or resigns;
- 16 (3) An action is filed for the dissolution or annulment of
- 17 the agent's marriage to the principal or their legal separation,
- 18 unless the power of attorney otherwise provides; or
- 19 (4) The power of attorney terminates.
- 20 (c) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, an
- 21 agent's authority is exercisable until the authority terminates
- 22 pursuant to this section, notwithstanding a lapse of time since
- 23 the execution of the power of attorney.
- 24 (d) Termination of an agent's authority or of a power of
- 25 attorney is not effective as to the agent or another person that,

- 26 without actual knowledge of the termination, acts in good
- 27 faith under the power of attorney. An act so performed,
- 28 unless otherwise invalid or unenforceable, binds the principal
- 29 and the principal's successors in interest.
- 30 (e) Incapacity of the principal of a power of attorney that
- 31 is not durable does not revoke or terminate the power of
- 32 attorney as to an agent or other person who, without actual
- 33 knowledge of the incapacity, acts in good faith under the
- 34 power of attorney. An act so performed, unless otherwise
- 35 invalid or unenforceable, binds the principal and the
- 36 principal's successors in interest.
- 37 (f) The execution of a power of attorney does not revoke
- 38 a power of attorney previously executed by the principal
- 39 unless the subsequent power of attorney provides that the
- 40 previous power of attorney is revoked or that all other powers
- 41 of attorney are revoked.

§39B-1-111. Coagents and successor agents.

- 1 (a) A principal may designate two or more persons to act
- 2 as coagents. Unless the power of attorney otherwise
- 3 provides, each coagent may exercise his or her authority
- 4 independently and the consent of all coagents is not necessary
- 5 for the validity of an act or transaction.
- 6 (b) A principal may designate one or more successor
- 7 agents to act if an agent resigns, dies, becomes incapacitated,
- 8 is not qualified to serve, or declines to serve. A principal
- 9 may grant authority to designate one or more successor
- 10 agents to an agent or other person designated by name, office
- 11 or function. Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 12 a successor agent:

- 13 (1) Has the same authority as that granted to the original agent; and
- 15 (2) May not act until all predecessor agents have 16 resigned, died, become incapacitated, are no longer qualified 17 to serve, or have declined to serve.
- 18 (c) Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney and 19 this act, an agent who does not participate in or conceal a breach 20 of fiduciary duty committed by another agent, including a 21 predecessor agent, is not liable for the actions of the other agent.
- 22 (d) An agent who has actual knowledge of a breach or 23 imminent breach of fiduciary duty by another agent has a 24 duty to notify the principal and, if the principal is 25 incapacitated, take any action reasonably appropriate in the 26 circumstances to safeguard the principal's best interest. An 27 agent who fails to notify the principal or take action as 28 required by this article is liable for the reasonably foreseeable 29 damages that could have been avoided if the agent had 30 notified the principal or taken such action.

§39B-1-112. Reimbursement and compensation of agent.

- 1 Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, an agent
- 2 is entitled to reimbursement of expenses reasonably incurred on
- 3 behalf of the principal and to compensation that is reasonable
- 4 under the circumstances: Provided, That an agent who is related
- 5 to the principal as an ancestor, spouse or descendent is not
- 6 entitled to compensation for services as agent, unless the power
- 7 of attorney specifically provides for compensation.

§39B-1-113. Agent's acceptance.

- 1 Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, a
- 2 person accepts appointment as an agent under a power of

- 3 attorney by exercising authority or performing duties as an
- 4 agent or by any other assertion or conduct indicating
- 5 acceptance.

§39B-1-114. Agent's duties.

- 1 (a) Notwithstanding provisions in the power of attorney,
- 2 an agent who has accepted appointment shall:
- 3 (1) Act in accordance with the principal's reasonable
- 4 expectations to the extent actually known by the agent and,
- 5 otherwise, in the principal's best interest;
- 6 (2) Act in good faith; and
- 7 (3) Act only within the scope of authority granted in the
- 8 power of attorney.
- 9 (b) Except as otherwise provided in the power of
- 10 attorney, an agent who has accepted appointment shall:
- 11 (1) Act loyally for the principal's benefit;
- 12 (2) Act so as not to create a conflict of interest that
- impairs the agent's ability to act impartially in the principal's
- 14 best interest:
- 15 (3) Act with the care, competence and diligence
- 16 ordinarily exercised by agents in similar circumstances;
- 17 (4) Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements and
- 18 transactions made on behalf of the principal;
- 19 (5) Cooperate with a person that has authority to make
- 20 health-care decisions for the principal to carry out the
- 21 principal's reasonable expectations to the extent actually

- 22 known by the agent and, otherwise, act in the principal's best
- 23 interest; and
- 24 (6) Attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan, to the
- 25 extent actually known by the agent, if preserving the plan is
- 26 consistent with the principal's best interest based on all
- 27 relevant factors, including:
- 28 (A) The value and nature of the principal's property;
- 29 (B) The principal's foreseeable obligations and need for 30 maintenance:
- 31 (C) Minimization of taxes, including income, estate,
- 32 inheritance, generation-skipping transfer and gift taxes; and
- 33 (D) Eligibility for a benefit, a program or assistance
- 34 under a statute or regulation.
- 35 (c) An agent that acts in good faith is not liable to any
- 36 beneficiary of the principal's estate plan for failure to
- 37 preserve the plan.
- 38 (d) An agent that acts with care, competence and
- 39 diligence for the best interest of the principal is not liable
- 40 solely because the agent also benefits from the act or has an
- 41 individual or conflicting interest in relation to the property or
- 42 affairs of the principal.
- 43 (e) If an agent is selected by the principal because of
- 44 special skills or expertise possessed by the agent or in
- 45 reliance on the agent's representation that the agent has
- 46 special skills or expertise, the special skills or expertise must
- 47 be considered in determining whether the agent has acted
- with care, competence and diligence under the circumstances.

- (f) Absent a breach of duty to the principal, an agent is not liable if the value of the principal's property declines.
- 51 (g) An agent who exercises authority to delegate to 52 another person the authority granted by the principal or who 53 engages another person on behalf of the principal is not liable 54 for an act, error of judgment or default of that person if the 55 agent exercises care, competence and diligence in selecting 56 and monitoring the person.
- 57 (h) Except as otherwise provided in the power of 58 attorney, an agent is not required to disclose receipts, 59 disbursements or transactions conducted on behalf of the 60 principal or provide an accounting unless: ordered by a court 61 or requested by the principal, a guardian, a conservator, 62 another fiduciary acting for the principal, a governmental 63 agency having authority to protect the welfare of the principal 64 or, upon the death of the principal, by the personal 65 representative or successor in interest of the principal's 66 estate. If so requested, within thirty days the agent shall 67 comply with the request or provide a writing or other record 68 substantiating why additional time is needed and shall 69 comply with the request within an additional thirty days. If 70 an agent fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of this 71 section, the court may award the principal or other authorized 72 party requesting the disclosure reimbursement of reasonable 73 attorneys fees and costs incurred.

§39B-1-115. Exoneration of agent.

- 1 (a) A provision in a power of attorney relieving an agent of 2 liability for breach of duty is binding on the principal and the 3 principal's successors in interest except to the extent the provision:
- 4 (1) Relieves the agent of liability for breach of duty 5 committed dishonestly, with an improper motive or with

- 6 reckless indifference to the purposes of the power of attorney
- 7 or the best interest of the principal; or
- 8 (2) Was inserted as a result of an abuse of a confidential
- 9 or fiduciary relationship with the principal.

§39B-1-116. Judicial relief.

- 1 (a) The following persons may petition a court to
- 2 construe a power of attorney or review the agent's conduct
- 3 and grant appropriate relief:
- 4 (1) The principal or the agent;
- 5 (2) A guardian, conservator or other fiduciary acting for
- 6 the principal;
- 7 (3) A person authorized to make health-care decisions for
- 8 the principal;
- 9 (4) The principal's spouse, parent or descendant;
- 10 (5) An individual who would qualify as a presumptive
- 11 heir of the principal;
- 12 (6) A person named as a beneficiary to receive any
- 13 property, benefit or contractual right on the principal's death
- 14 or as a beneficiary of a trust created by or for the principal
- 15 that has a financial interest in the principal's estate;
- 16 (7) A governmental agency having regulatory authority
- 17 to protect the welfare of the principal;
- 18 (8) The principal's caregiver or another person that
- 19 demonstrates sufficient interest in the principal's welfare; and

- 20 (9) A person asked to accept the power of attorney.
- 21 (b) Upon motion by the principal, the court shall dismiss
- 22 a petition filed under this section, unless the court finds that
- 23 the principal lacks capacity to revoke the agent's authority or
- 24 the power of attorney.

§39B-1-117. Agent's liability.

- 1 (a) An agent that violates this act is liable to the principal
- 2 or the principal's successors in interest for the amount
- 3 required to:
- 4 (1) Restore the value of the principal's property to what
- 5 it would have been had the violation not occurred;
- 6 (2) Reimburse the principal or the principal's successors
- 7 in interest for the attorney's fees and costs paid on the agent's
- 8 behalf out of the principal's assets;
- 9 (3) Reimburse the reasonable attorneys fees and costs
- 10 incurred by the principal or the principal's successors in interest
- 11 in pursuing rectification of the violation by the agent; and
- 12 (4) Pay such other amounts, damages, costs or expenses
- 13 as the court may award.

§39B-1-118. Agent's resignation; notice.

- 1 (a) Unless the power of attorney provides a different
- 2 method for an agent's resignation, an agent may resign by
- 3 giving notice to the principal and, if the principal is
- 4 incapacitated:
- 5 (1) To the conservator or guardian, if one has been appointed
- 6 for the principal, and a coagent or successor agent; or

- 7 (2) If there is no person described in paragraph (1), to:
- 8 (A) The principal's caregiver;
- 9 (B) Another person reasonably believed by the agent to 10 have sufficient interest in the principal's welfare; or
- 11 (C) A governmental agency having authority to protect
- 12 the welfare of the principal.

§39B-1-119. Acceptance of and reliance upon acknowledged power of attorney.

- 1 (a) For purposes of this section and section one hundred
- 2 five of this article, "acknowledged" means purportedly
- 3 verified before a notary public or other individual authorized
- 4 to take acknowledgments.
- 5 (b) A person who in good faith accepts an acknowledged
- 6 power of attorney without actual knowledge that the
- 7 signature is not genuine may rely upon the presumption under
- 8 the provisions of section one hundred five of this article that
- 9 the signature is genuine.
- 10 (c) A person who in good faith accepts an acknowledged
- 11 power of attorney without actual knowledge that the power
- 12 of attorney is void, invalid or terminated, that the purported
- 13 agent's authority is void, invalid or terminated, or that the
- 14 agent is exceeding or improperly exercising the agent's
- authority may rely upon the power of attorney as if the power
- 16 of attorney were genuine, valid and still in effect, the agent's
- 17 authority were genuine, valid and still in effect, and the agent
- 18 had not exceeded and had properly exercised the authority
- 19 except as to a conveyance of interests in real property where
- 20 the principal has previously filed a notice of termination of

- 21 the power of attorney in the office of the clerk of the county
- 22 commission in the county in which the property is located.
- 23 (d) A person who is asked to accept an acknowledged
- 24 power of attorney may request, and rely upon, without further
- 25 investigation:
- 26 (1) An agent's certification under penalty of perjury of any 27 factual matter concerning the principal, agent or power of attorney;
- 28 (2) An English translation of the power of attorney if the 29 power of attorney contains, in whole or in part, language
- 30 other than English; and
- 31 (3) An opinion of counsel as to any matter of law concerning
- 32 the power of attorney if the person making the request provides in
- 33 a writing or other record the reason for the request.
- 34 (e) An English translation or an opinion of counsel
- 35 requested under this section must be provided at the
- 36 principal's expense unless the request is made more than
- 37 seven business days after the power of attorney is presented
- 38 for acceptance.
- 39 (f) For purposes of this section and the act, a person who
- 40 conducts activities through employees is without actual
- 41 knowledge of a fact relating to a power of attorney, a
- 42 principal or an agent if the employee conducting the
- 43 transaction involving the power of attorney is without actual
- 44 knowledge of the fact.

§39B-1-120. Liability for refusal to accept acknowledged statutory form power of attorney.

- 1 (a) In this section, "statutory form power of attorney"
- 2 means a power of attorney substantially in the form provided

- 3 in this act or that meets the requirements for a military power
- 4 of attorney pursuant to 10 U. S. C. §1044b.
- 5 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section:
- 6 (1) A person shall either accept an acknowledged
 7 statutory form power of attorney or request a certification, a
 8 translation or an opinion of counsel under section one
 9 hundred nineteen subsection (d) of this article no later than
- 10 seven business days after presentation of the power of
- 11 attorney for acceptance;
- 12 (2) If a person requests a certification, a translation, or an
- 13 opinion of counsel under section one hundred nineteen
- 14 subsection (d) of this article, the person shall accept the
- 15 statutory form power of attorney no later than five business
- 16 days after receipt of the certification, translation or opinion of
- 17 counsel; and
- 18 (3) A person may not require an additional or different
- 19 form of power of attorney for authority granted in the
- 20 statutory form power of attorney presented.
- 21 (c) A person is not required to accept an acknowledged
- 22 statutory form power of attorney if:
- 23 (1) The person is not otherwise required to engage in a
- 24 transaction with the principal in the same circumstances;
- 25 (2) Engaging in a transaction with the agent or the
- 26 principal in the same circumstances would be inconsistent
- 27 with federal law;
- 28 (3) The person has actual knowledge of the termination
- 29 of the agent's authority or of the power of attorney before
- 30 exercise of the power;

- 31 (4) A request for a certification, a translation, or an 32 opinion of counsel under section one hundred nineteen 33 subsection (d) of this article is not timely provided;
- (5) The person in good faith believes that the power is not
 valid or that the agent does not have the authority to perform the
 act requested, whether or not a certification, a translation or an
 opinion of counsel under section one hundred nineteen
 subsection (d) of this article has been requested or provided; or
- 39 (6) The person makes, or has actual knowledge that 40 another person has made, a report to the local adult protective 41 services agency stating a good faith belief that the principal 42 may be subject to physical or financial abuse, neglect, 43 exploitation or abandonment by the agent or a person acting 44 for or with the agent.
- 45 (d) A person who refuses in violation of this section to 46 accept an acknowledged statutory form power of attorney is 47 subject to a court order mandating acceptance of the power of 48 attorney. The court may at its discretion award to the 49 principal or the principal's agent reasonable attorney's fees 50 and costs incurred in any action or proceeding that confirms 51 the validity of the power of attorney or mandates acceptance 52 of the power of attorney.

§39B-1-121. Principles of law and equity.

Unless displaced by a provision of this act, the principles
of law and equity supplement this act.

§39B-1-122. Laws applicable to financial institutions and entities.

- 1 This act does not supersede any other law applicable to
- 2 financial institutions or other entities, and the other law
- 3 controls if inconsistent with this act.

§39B-1-123. Remedies under other law.

- 1 The remedies under this act are not exclusive and do not
- 2 abrogate any right or remedy under the law of this state other
- 3 than this act.

ARTICLE 2. AUTHORITY.

§39B-2-101. Authority that requires specific grant; grant of general authority.

- 1 (a) An agent under a power of attorney may do the
- 2 following on behalf of the principal or with the principal's
- 3 property only if the power of attorney expressly grants the
- 4 agent the authority and exercise of the authority is not
- 5 otherwise prohibited by another agreement or instrument to
- 6 which the authority or property is subject to:
- 7 (1) Create, amend, revoke or terminate an inter vivos
- 8 trust;
- 9 (2) Make a gift;
- 10 (3) Create or change rights of survivorship;
- 11 (4) Create or change a beneficiary designation;
- 12 (5) Delegate authority granted under the power of
- 13 attorney;
- 14 (6) Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a
- 15 joint and survivor annuity, including a survivor benefit under
- 16 a retirement plan;
- 17 (7) Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has
- 18 authority to delegate; or

- (8) Disclaim property, including a power of appointment.
- (b) Notwithstanding a grant of authority to do an act described in this section, unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, an agent that is not an ancestor, spouse or descendant of the principal may not exercise authority under a power of attorney to create in the agent, or in an individual to whom the agent owes a legal obligation of support, an interest in the principal's property, whether by gift, right of survivorship, beneficiary designation, disclaimer or otherwise.
- (c) Subject to subsections (a), (b), (d) and (e) of this section, if a power of attorney grants to an agent authority to do all acts that a principal could do, the agent has the general authority described in section one hundred four through section one hundred sixteen of this article.
 - (d) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, a grant of authority to make a gift is subject to the provisions of section one hundred seventeen of this article.
 - (e) Subject to subsections (a), (b) and (d) of this section, if the subjects over which authority is granted in a power of attorney are similar or overlap, the broadest authority controls.
 - (f) Authority granted in a power of attorney is exercisable with respect to property that the principal has when the power of attorney is executed or acquires later, whether or not the property is located in this state and whether or not the authority is exercised or the power of attorney is executed in this state.
 - (g) An act performed by an agent pursuant to a power of attorney has the same effect and inures to the benefit of and

- 49 binds the principal and the principal's successors in interest
- 50 as if the principal had performed the act.

§39B-2-102. Incorporation of authority.

- 1 (a) An agent has authority described in this article if the
- 2 power of attorney refers to general authority with respect to
- 3 the descriptive term for the subjects stated in section one
- 4 hundred four through section one hundred seventeen of this
- 5 article or cites the section in this article in which the authority
- 6 is described.
- 7 (b) A reference in a power of attorney to general
- 8 authority with respect to the descriptive term for a subject in
- 9 section one hundred four through section one hundred
- 10 seventeen of this article or a citation to a section of section
- 11 one hundred four through section one hundred seventeen of
- 12 this article incorporates the entire section as if it were set out
- 13 in full in the power of attorney.
- 14 (c) A principal may modify authority incorporated by
- 15 reference.

§39B-2-103. Construction of authority generally.

- 1 Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, by
- 2 executing a power of attorney that incorporates by reference
- 3 a subject described in sections one hundred four through one
- 4 hundred seventeen of this article or that grants to an agent
- 5 authority to do all acts that a principal could do pursuant to
- 6 the provisions of section one hundred one subsection (c) of
- 7 this article, a principal authorizes the agent, with respect to
- 8 that subject, to:
- 9 (1) Demand, receive and obtain by litigation or otherwise,
- 10 money or another thing of value to which the principal is,

- 11 may become or claims to be entitled, and conserve, invest,
- 12 disburse or use anything so received or obtained for the
- 13 purposes intended;
- 14 (2) Contract in any manner with any person, on terms 15 agreeable to the agent, to accomplish a purpose of a 16 transaction and perform, rescind, cancel, terminate, reform,
- 17 restate, release or modify the contract or another contract
- 18 made by or on behalf of the principal;
- 19 (3) Execute, acknowledge, scal, deliver, file or record any 20 instrument or communication the agent considers desirable to
- 21 accomplish a purpose of a transaction, including creating at
- 22 any time a schedule listing some or all of the principal's
- 23 property and attaching it to the power of attorney;
- 24 (4) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute
- 25 resolution, settle, oppose or propose or accept a compromise
- 26 with respect to a claim existing in favor of or against the
- 27 principal or intervene in litigation relating to the claim;
- 28 (5) Seek on the principal's behalf the assistance of a court
- 29 or other governmental agency to carry out an act authorized
- 30 in the power of attorney;
- 31 (6) Engage, compensate and discharge an attorney,
- 32 accountant, discretionary investment manager, expert witness
- 33 or other advisor;
- 34 (7) Prepare, execute and file a record, report or other
- 35 document to safeguard or promote the principal's interest
- 36 under a statute or rule;
- 37 (8) Communicate with any representative or employee of
- 38 a government or governmental subdivision, agency or
- 39 instrumentality, on behalf of the principal;

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- 40 (9) Access communications intended for, and
- 41 communicate on behalf of the principal, whether by mail,
- 42 electronic transmission, telephone or other means; and
- 43 (10) Do any lawful act with respect to the subject and all
- 44 property related to the subject.

§39B-2-104. Real property.

- 1 (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 3 with respect to real property authorizes the agent to:
- 4 (1) Demand, buy, lease, receive, accept as a gift or as
- 5 security for an extension of credit, or otherwise acquire or reject
- 6 an interest in real property or a right incident to real property;
- 7 (2) Sell, exchange, convey with or without covenants,
- 8 representations, or warranties, quitclaim, release, surrender,
- 9 retain title for security, encumber, partition, consent to
- 10 partitioning, subject to an easement or covenant, subdivide,
- 11 apply for zoning or other governmental permits, plat or
- 12 consent to platting; develop, grant an option concerning,
- 13 lease, sublease, contribute to an entity in exchange for an
- 14 interest in that entity or otherwise grant or dispose of an
- 15 interest in real property or a right incident to real property;
- 16 (3) Pledge or mortgage an interest in real property or
- 17 right incident to real property as security to borrow money or
- 18 pay, renew or extend the time of payment of a debt of the
- 19 principal or a debt guaranteed by the principal;
- 20 (4) Release, assign, satisfy or enforce by litigation or
- 21 otherwise a mortgage, deed of trust, conditional sale contract,
- 22 encumbrance, lien or other claim to real property which exists
- 23 or is asserted;

24 (5) Manage or conserve an interest in real property or a 25 right incident to real property owned or claimed to be owned by the principal, including: 26 27 (A) Insuring against liability or casualty or other loss; 28 (B) Obtaining or regaining possession of or protecting the interest or right by litigation or otherwise: 29 30 (C) Paying, assessing, compromising or contesting taxes 31 or assessments or applying for and receiving refunds in 32 connection with them; and 33 (D) Purchasing supplies, hiring assistance or labor and 34 making repairs or alterations to the real property: 35 (6) Use, develop, alter, replace, remove, erect or install 36 structures or other improvements upon real property in or 37 incident to which the principal has, or claims to have, an 38 interest or right; 39 (7) Participate in a reorganization with respect to real 40 property or an entity that owns an interest in or right incident 41 to real property and receive, hold and act with respect to 42 stocks and bonds or other property received in a plan of 43 reorganization, including: 44 (A) Selling or otherwise disposing of them; 45 (B) Exercising or selling an option, right of conversion or 46 similar right with respect to them; and (C) Exercising any voting rights in person or by proxy; 47 (8) Change the form of title of an interest in or right 48 49 incident to real property; and

- 50 (9) Dedicate to public use, with or without consideration,
- 51 easements or other real property in which the principal has,
- 52 or claims to have, an interest.
- 53 (b) In order to exercise the powers provided in
- 54 subdivisions (2), (3), (8) and (9), subsection (a) of this
- section, or to release or assign an interest in real property as
- described in subdivision (4), subsection (a) of this section, the
- 57 power of attorney must first be recorded in the office of the
- 58 clerk of the county commission in the county in which the
- 59 property is located.

§39B-2-105. Tangible personal property.

- 1 (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 3 with respect to tangible personal property authorizes the
- 4 agent to:
- 5 (1) Demand, buy, receive or accept as a gift or as security
- 6 for an extension of credit, or otherwise acquire or reject
- 7 ownership or possession of tangible personal property or an
- 8 interest in tangible personal property;
- 9 (2) Sell, exchange, convey with or without covenants,
- 10 representations, or warranties; quitclaim, release, surrender,
- 11 create a security interest in, grant options concerning, lease,
- 12 sublease or, otherwise dispose of tangible personal property
- 13 or an interest in tangible personal property;
- 14 (3) Grant a security interest in tangible personal property
- 15 or an interest in tangible personal property as security to
- 16 borrow money or pay, renew or extend the time of payment
- 17 of a debt of the principal or a debt guaranteed by the
- 18 principal;

- 19 (4) Release, assign, satisfy or enforce by litigation or
- 20 otherwise, a security interest, lien or other claim on behalf of
- 21 the principal, with respect to tangible personal property or an
- 22 interest in tangible personal property;
- 23 (5) Manage or conserve tangible personal property or an
- 24 interest in tangible personal property on behalf of the
- 25 principal, including:
- 26 (A) Insuring against liability or casualty or other loss;
- 27 (B) Obtaining or regaining possession of or protecting the
- 28 property or interest, by litigation or otherwise;
- 29 (C) Paying, assessing, compromising or contesting taxes
- 30 or assessments or applying for and receiving refunds in
- 31 connection with taxes or assessments:
- 32 (D) Moving the property from place to place;
- 33 (E) Storing the property for hire or on a gratuitous
- 34 bailment; and
- 35 (F) Using and making repairs, alterations or
- 36 improvements to the property; and
- 37 (6) Change the form of title of an interest in tangible
- 38 personal property.

§39B-2-106. Stocks and bonds.

- 1 (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 3 with respect to stocks and bonds authorizes the agent to:
- 4 (1) Buy, sell and exchange stocks and bonds;

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- 5 (2) Establish, continue, modify or terminate an account 6 with respect to stocks and bonds;
- 7 (3) Pledge stocks and bonds as security to borrow, pay, 8 renew or extend the time of payment of a debt of the 9 principal;
- 10 (4) Receive certificates and other evidences of ownership 11 with respect to stocks and bonds; and
- 12 (5) Exercise voting rights with respect to stocks and 13 bonds in person or by proxy, enter into voting trusts and 14 consent to limitations on the right to vote.

§39B-2-107. Commodities and options.

- 1 (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority with
- 3 respect to commodities and options authorizes the agent to:
- 4 (1) Buy, sell, exchange, assign, settle and exercise
- 5 commodity futures contracts and call or put options on stocks
- 6 or stock indexes traded on a regulated option exchange; and
- 7 (2) Establish, continue, modify and terminate option
- 8 accounts.

§39B-2-108. Banks and other financial institutions.

- 1 (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 3 with respect to banks and other financial institutions
- 4 authorizes the agent to:
- 5 (1) Continue, modify and terminate an account or other
- 6 banking arrangement made by or on behalf of the principal;

- 11 (3) Contract for services available from a financial 12 institution, including renting a safe deposit box or space in a 13 vault;
- (4) Withdraw, by check, order, electronic funds transfer
 or otherwise, money or property of the principal deposited
 with or left in the custody of a financial institution;
- 17 (5) Receive statements of account, vouchers, notices and 18 similar documents from a financial institution and act with 19 respect to them;
- 20 (6) Enter a safe deposit box or vault and withdraw or add 21 to the contents;
- 22 (7) Borrow money and pledge as security personal 23 property of the principal necessary to borrow money or pay, 24 renew or extend the time of payment of a debt of the principal 25 or a debt guaranteed by the principal;

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- (8) Make, assign, draw, endorse, discount, guarantee and negotiate promissory notes, checks, drafts and other negotiable or nonnegotiable paper of the principal or payable to the principal or the principal's order, transfer money, receive the cash or other proceeds of those transactions, and accept a draft drawn by a person upon the principal and pay it when due;
- (9) Receive for the principal and act upon a sight draft, warehouse receipt or other document of title whether tangible or electronic or other negotiable or nonnegotiable instrument;

- 36 (10) Apply for, receive and use letters of credit, credit 37 and debit cards, electronic transaction authorizations and 38 traveler's checks from a financial institution and give an 39 indemnity or other agreement in connection with letters of 40 credit; and
- 41 (11) Consent to an extension of the time of payment with 42 respect to commercial paper or a financial transaction with a 43 financial institution.

§39B-2-109. Operation of entity or business.

- 1 (a) Subject to the terms of a document or an agreement
- 2 governing an entity or an entity ownership interest, and
- 3 unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, language in
- 4 a power of attorney granting general authority with respect to
- 5 operation of an entity or business authorizes the agent to:
- 6 (1) Operate, buy, sell, enlarge, reduce or terminate an ownership interest;
- 8 (2) Perform a duty or discharge a liability and exercise in 9 person or by proxy a right, power, privilege or option that the 10 principal has, may have, or claims to have;
- 11 (3) Enforce the terms of an ownership agreement;
- 12 (4) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute
- 13 resolution, settle, oppose or propose or accept a compromise
- 14 with respect to litigation to which the principal is a party
- 15 because of an ownership interest;
- 16 (5) Exercise in person or by proxy, or enforce by
- 17 litigation or otherwise, a right, power, privilege or option the
- 18 principal has or claims to have as the holder of stocks and
- 19 bonds;

- 20 (6) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute 21 resolution, settle, oppose or propose or accept a compromise 22 with respect to litigation to which the principal is a party 23 concerning stocks and bonds;
- 24 (7) With respect to an entity or business owned solely by 25 the principal:
- 26 (A) Continue, modify, renegotiate, extend and terminate 27 a contract made by or on behalf of the principal with respect 28 to the entity or business before execution of the power of 29 attorney;
- 30 (B) Determine:
- 31 (i) The location of its operation;
- 32 (ii) The nature and extent of its business;
- 33 (iii) The methods of manufacturing, selling,
- 34 merchandising, financing, accounting and advertising
- 35 employed in its operation;
- 36 (iv) The amount and types of insurance carried; and
- 37 (v) The mode of engaging, compensating and dealing
- 38 with its employees and accountants, attorneys or other
- 39 advisors;
- 40 (C) Change the name or form of organization under
- 41 which the entity or business is operated and enter into an
- 42 ownership agreement with other persons to take over all or
- part of the operation of the entity or business; and
- 44 (D) Demand and receive money due or claimed by the
- 45 principal or on the principal's behalf in the operation of the

- entity or business and control and disburse the money in the 46
- 47 operation of the entity or business;
- (8) Put additional capital into an entity or business in 48
- 49 which the principal has an interest;
- 50 (9) Join in a plan of reorganization, consolidation,
- 51 conversion, domestication, or merger of the entity or
- 52 business:
- 53 (10) Sell or liquidate all or part of an entity or business;
- 54 (11) Establish the value of an entity or business under a
- 55 buy-out agreement to which the principal is a party;
- 56 (12) Prepare, sign, file and deliver reports, compilations
- 57 of information, returns or other papers with respect to an
- 58 entity or business and make related payments; and
- 59 (13) Pay, compromise, or contest taxes, assessments,
- 60 fines or penalties and perform any other act to protect the
- 61 principal from illegal or unnecessary taxation, assessments,
- 62 fines or penalties, with respect to an entity or business,
- 63 including attempts to recover, in any manner permitted by
- 64 law, money paid before or after the execution of the power of
- 65 attorney.

§39B-2-110. Insurance and annuities.

- 1 (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides.
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 3 with respect to insurance and annuities authorizes the agent
- 4 to:
- 5 (1) Continue, pay the premium or make a contribution on,
- 6 modify, exchange, rescind, release or terminate a contract

- 7 procured by or on behalf of the principal which insures or
- 8 provides an annuity to either the principal or another person,
- 9 whether or not the principal is a beneficiary under the
- 10 contract;
- 11 (2) Procure new, different and additional contracts of
- 12 insurance and annuities for the principal and the principal's
- 13 spouse, children and other dependents, and select the amount,
- 14 type of insurance or annuity and mode of payment;
- 15 (3) Pay the premium or make a contribution on, modify,
- 16 exchange, rescind, release or terminate a contract of
- 17 insurance or annuity procured by the agent;
- 18 (4) Apply for and receive a loan secured by a contract of
- 19 insurance or annuity;
- 20 (5) Surrender and receive the cash surrender value on a
- 21 contract of insurance or annuity;
- 22 (6) Exercise an election;
- 23 (7) Exercise investment powers available under a contract
- 24 of insurance or annuity;
- 25 (8) Change the manner of paying premiums on a contract
- 26 of insurance or annuity;
- 27 (9) Change or convert the type of insurance or annuity
- 28 with respect to which the principal has or claims to have
- 29 authority described in this section;
- 30 (10) Apply for and procure a benefit or assistance under
- 31 a statute or regulation to guarantee or pay premiums of a
- 32 contract of insurance on the life of the principal;

- 33 (11) Collect, sell, assign, hypothecate, borrow against or
- 34 pledge the interest of the principal in a contract of insurance
- 35 or annuity;
- 36 (12) Select the form and timing of the payment of
- 37 proceeds from a contract of insurance or annuity; and
- 38 (13) Pay, from proceeds or otherwise, compromise or
- 39 contest and apply for refunds in connection with, a tax or
- 40 assessment levied by a taxing authority with respect to a
- 41 contract of insurance or annuity or its proceeds or liability
- 42 accruing by reason of the tax or assessment.

§39B-2-111. Estates, trusts and other beneficial interests.

- 1 (a) In this section, "estate, trust, or other beneficial
- 2 interest" means a trust, probate estate, guardianship,
- 3 conservatorship, escrow, custodianship, or a fund from which
- 4 the principal is, may become, or claims to be, entitled to a
- 5 share or payment.
- 6 (b) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 7 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 8 with respect to estates, trusts and other beneficial interests
- 9 authorizes the agent to:
- 10 (1) Accept, receive, receipt for, sell, assign, pledge or
- 11 exchange a share in or payment from an estate, trust or other
- 12 beneficial interest;
- 13 (2) Demand or obtain money or another thing of value to
- 14 which the principal is, may become, or claims to be, entitled
- 15 by reason of an estate, trust or other beneficial interest, by
- 16 litigation or otherwise;

- 17 (3) Exercise for the benefit of the principal a presently 18 exercisable general power of appointment held by the 19 principal;
- 20 (4) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute 21 resolution, settle, oppose or propose or accept a compromise 22 with respect to litigation to ascertain the meaning, validity or 23 effect of a decd, will, declaration of trust or other instrument 24 or transaction affecting the interest of the principal;
- (5) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute
 resolution, settle, oppose or propose or accept a compromise
 with respect to litigation to remove, substitute or surcharge a
 fiduciary;
- 29 (6) Conserve, invest, disburse or use anything received 30 for an authorized purpose;
- 31 (7) Transfer an interest of the principal in real property, 32 stocks and bonds, accounts with financial institutions or 33 securities intermediaries, insurance, annuities and other 34 property to the trustee of a revocable trust created by the 35 principal as settler; and
- 36 (8) Reject, renounce, disclaim, release or consent to a 37 reduction in or modification of a share in or payment from an 38 estate, trust or other beneficial interest.

§39B-2-112. Claims and litigation.

- l (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 3 with respect to claims and litigation authorizes the agent to:
- 4 (1) Assert and maintain before a court or administrative 5 agency a claim, claim for relief, cause of action, counterclaim,

- 6 offset, recoupment or defense, including an action to recover
- 7 property or other thing of value, recover damages sustained by
- 8 the principal, eliminate or modify tax liability, or seek an
- 9 injunction, specific performance or other relief;
- 10 (2) Bring an action to determine adverse claims or 11 intervene or otherwise participate in litigation;
- 12 (3) Seek an attachment, garnishment, order of arrest or 13 other preliminary, provisional or intermediate relief and use 14 an available procedure to effect or satisfy a judgment, order 15 or decree:
- 16 (4) Make or accept a tender, offer of judgment or 17 admission of facts, submit a controversy on an agreed 18 statement of facts, consent to examination and bind the 19 principal in litigation;
- 20 (5) Submit to alternative dispute resolution, settle and propose or accept a compromise;
- 22 (6) Waive the issuance and service of process upon the 23 principal, accept service of process, appear for the principal, 24 designate persons upon which process directed to the 25 principal may be served, execute and file or deliver 26 stipulations on the principal's behalf, verify pleadings, seek 27 appellate review, procure and give surety and indemnity 28 bonds, contract and pay for the preparation and printing of 29 records and briefs, receive, execute and file or deliver a 30 consent, waiver, release, confession of judgment, satisfaction of judgment, notice, agreement or other instrument in 31 32 connection with the prosecution, settlement or defense of a 33 claim or litigation;
- 34 (7) Act for the principal with respect to bankruptcy or insolvency, whether voluntary or involuntary, concerning the

- 36 principal or some other person, or with respect to a
- 37 reorganization, receivership or application for the
- 38 appointment of a receiver or trustee which affects an interest
- 39 of the principal in property or other thing of value;
- 40 (8) Pay a judgment, award or order against the principal
- 41 or a settlement made in connection with a claim or litigation;
- 42 and
- 43 (9) Receive money or other thing of value paid in
- 44 settlement of or as proceeds of a claim or litigation.

§39B-2-113. Personal and family maintenance.

- 1 (a) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 3 with respect to personal and family maintenance authorizes
- 4 the agent to:
- 5 (1) Perform the acts necessary to maintain the customary
- 6 standard of living of the principal, the principal's spouse and
- 7 the following individuals, whether living when the power of
- 8 attorney is executed or later born:
- 9 (A) The principal's children;
- 10 (B) Other individuals legally entitled to be supported by
- 11 the principal; and
- 12 (C) The individuals whom the principal has customarily
- 13 supported or indicated the intent to support;
- 14 (2) Make periodic payments of child support and other
- 15 family maintenance required by a court or governmental
- 16 agency or an agreement to which the principal is a party;

- (3) Provide living quarters for the individuals described 17 18 in subsection (1) of this section by:
- 19 (A) Purchase, lease or other contract; or
- 20 (B) Paying the operating costs, including interest, 21 amortization payments, repairs, improvements and taxes, for 22 premises owned by the principal or occupied by those 23 individuals:
- 24 (4) Provide normal domestic help, usual vacations and 25 travel expenses, and funds for shelter, clothing, food, 26 appropriate education, including postsecondary and 27 vocational education and other current living costs for the 28 individuals described in subsection (1) of this section:
- 29 (5) Pay expenses for necessary health care and custodial 30 care on behalf of the individuals described in subdivision (1) 31 of this section:
- 32 (6) Act as the principal's personal representative pursuant to 33 the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, §1171 34 through §1179 of the Social Security Act, §42 U. S. C. 1320d, and 35 applicable regulations, in making decisions related to the past, 36 present or future payment for the provision of health care 37 consented to by the principal or anyone authorized under the law 38 of this state to consent to health care on behalf of the principal;
- 39 (7) Continue any provision made by the principal for 40 automobiles or other means of transportation, including registering, licensing, insuring and replacing them, for the 41 42 individuals described in subsection (1) of this section;
- 43 (8) Maintain credit and debit accounts for the 44 convenience of the individuals described in subsection (1) of 45 this section and open new accounts; and

- 46 (9) Continue payments incidental to the membership or 47 affiliation of the principal in a religious institution, club, 48 society, order or other organization or to continue 49 contributions to those organizations.
- 50 (b) Authority with respect to personal and family 51 maintenance is neither dependent upon, nor limited by, 52 authority that an agent may or may not have with respect to 53 gifts under this article.

§39B-2-114. Benefits from governmental programs or civil or military service.

- 1 (a) In this section, "benefits from governmental
- 2 programs or civil or military service" means any benefit,
- 3 program or assistance provided under a federal, state or
- 4 local statute or regulation including Social Security,
- 5 Medicare and Medicaid.

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- 6 (b) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
 7 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
 8 with respect to benefits from governmental programs or civil
 9 or military service authorizes the agent to:
- (1) Execute vouchers in the name of the principal for allowances and reimbursements payable by the United States or a foreign government or by a state or subdivision of a state to the principal, including allowances and reimbursements for transportation of the individuals described in section one hundred thirteen, subsection (a)(1) of this article, and for shipment of their household effects;
 - (2) Take possession and order the removal and shipment of property of the principal from a post, warehouse, depot, dock or other place of storage or safekeeping, either governmental or private, and execute and deliver a release,

- 21 voucher, receipt, bill of lading, shipping ticket, certificate or
- 22 other instrument for that purpose;
- 23 (3) Enroll in, apply for, select, reject, change, amend or discontinue, on the principal's behalf, a benefit or program;
- 25 (4) Prepare, file and maintain a claim of the principal for 26 a benefit or assistance, financial or otherwise, to which the 27 principal may be entitled under a statute or rule;
- 28 (5) Initiate, participate in, submit to alternative dispute 29 resolution, settle, oppose or propose or accept a compromise with 30 respect to litigation concerning any benefit or assistance the 31 principal may be entitled to receive under a statute or rule; and
- 32 (6) Receive the financial proceeds of a claim described in 33 subdivision(4) of this section and conserve, invest, disburse 34 or use for a lawful purpose anything so received.

§39B-2-115. Retirement plans.

- 1 (a) In this section, "retirement plan" means a plan or
- 2 account created by an employer, the principal or another
- 3 individual to provide retirement benefits or deferred
- 4 compensation of which the principal is a participant,
- 5 beneficiary or owner, including a plan or account under the
- 6 following sections of the Internal Revenue Code:
- 7 (1) An individual retirement account under Internal 8 Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §408;
- 9 (2) A Roth individual retirement account under Internal 10 Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §408A;
- 11 (3) A deemed individual retirement account under
 - 12 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §408(q);

- 13 (4) An annuity or mutual fund custodial account under 14 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §403(b);
- 15 (5) A pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus or other retirement 16 plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §401(a);
- 17 (6) A plan under Internal Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. 18 §457(b); and
- 19 (7) A nonqualified deferred compensation plan under 20 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §409A.
- 21 (b) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, 22 language in a power of attorney granting general authority 23 with respect to retirement plans authorizes the agent to:
- 24 (1) Select the form and timing of payments under a 25 retirement plan and withdraw benefits from a plan;
- (2) Make a rollover, including a direct trustee-to-trustee
 rollover, of benefits from one retirement plan to another;
- 28 (3) Establish a retirement plan in the principal's name;
- 29 (4) Make contributions to a retirement plan;
- 30 (5) Exercise investment powers available under a 31 retirement plan; and
- (6) Borrow from, sell assets to or purchase assets from aretirement plan.

§39B-2-116. Taxes.

- 1 Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 2 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 3 with respect to taxes authorizes the agent to:

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- 4 (1) Prepare, sign and file federal, state, local and foreign
- 5 income, gift, payroll, property, Federal Insurance
- 6 Contributions Act and other tax returns, claims for refunds,
- 7 requests for extension of time, petitions regarding tax matters
- 8 and any other tax-related documents, including receipts,
- 9 offers, waivers, consents, including consents and agreements
- 10 under Internal Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §2032A, closing
- 11 agreements and any power of attorney required by the
- 12 Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority with
- 13 respect to a tax year upon which the statute of limitations has
- 14 not run and the following twenty-five tax years;
- 15 (2) Pay taxes due, collect refunds, post bonds, receive
- 16 confidential information and contest deficiencies determined
- 17 by the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority;
- 18 (3) Exercise any election available to the principal under
- 19 federal, state, local or foreign tax law; and
- 20 (4) Act for the principal in all tax matters for all periods
- 21 before the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority.

§39B-2-117. Gifts.

- 1 (a) In this section, a gift "for the benefit of" a person
- 2 includes a gift to a trust, an account under the Uniform
- 3 Transfers to Minors Act and a tuition savings account or
- 4 prepaid tuition plan as defined under Internal Revenue Code,
- 5 26 U. S. C. §529, as amended.
- 6 (b) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides,
- 7 language in a power of attorney granting general authority
- 8 with respect to gifts authorizes the agent only to:
- 9 (1) Make outright to, or for the benefit of, a person, a gift
- 10 of any of the principal's property, including by the exercise

- 11 of a presently exercisable general power of appointment held
- 12 by the principal, in an amount per donee not to exceed the
- 13 annual dollar limits of the federal gift tax exclusion under
- 14 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §2503(b), without regard
- 15 to whether the federal gift tax exclusion applies to the gift or
- 16 if the principal's spouse agrees to consent to a split gift
- 17 pursuant to Internal Revenue Code, 26 U. S. C. §2513, as
- 18 amended, in an amount per donee not to exceed twice the
- 19 annual federal gift tax exclusion limit; and
- 20 (2) Consent, pursuant to Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.
- 21 C. §2513, to the splitting of a gift made by the principal's
- 22 spouse in an amount per donee not to exceed the aggregate
- 23 annual gift tax exclusions for both spouses.
- 24 (c) An agent may make a gift of the principal's property
- 25 only as the agent determines is consistent with the principal's
- 26 objectives if actually known by the agent and, if unknown, as
- 27 the agent determines is consistent with the principal's best
- 28 interest based on all relevant factors, including:
- 29 (1) The value and nature of the principal's property;
- 30 (2) The principal's foreseeable obligations and need for
- 31 maintenance;
- 32 (3) Minimization of taxes, including income, estate,
- 33 inheritance, generation-skipping transfer and gift taxes;
- 34 (4) Eligibility for a benefit, a program or assistance under
- 35 a statute or regulation; and
- 36 (5) The principal's personal history of making or joining
- 37 in making gifts.

ARTICLE 3. STATUTORY FORMS.

§39B-3-101. Statutory form power of attorney.

1	A document substantially in the following form may be
2	used to create a statutory form power of attorney that has the
3	meaning and effect prescribed by this act.

State of West Virginia

STATUTORY FORM POWER OF ATTORNEY

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This power of attorney authorizes another person (your agent) to make decisions concerning your property for you (the principal). Your agent will be able to make decisions and act with respect to your property (including your money) whether or not you are able to act for yourself. The meaning of authority over subjects listed on this form is explained in the Uniform Power of Attorney Act [insert citation].

This power of attorney does not authorize the agent to make health-care decisions for you.

You should select someone you trust to serve as your agent. Unless you specify otherwise, generally the agent's authority will continue until you die or revoke the power of attorney or the agent resigns or is unable to act for you.

Your agent is entitled to reasonable compensation unless you state otherwise in the special instructions. This form provides for designation of one agent. If you wish to name more than one agent you may name a coagent in the Special Instructions. Coagents are not required to act together unless you include that requirement in the Special Instructions. If

26 27	your agent is unable or unwilling to act for you, your power of attorney will end unless you have named a successor
28	agent. You may also name a second successor agent.
29 30	This power of attorney becomes effective immediately unless you state otherwise in the Special Instructions.
31 32 33	If you have questions about the power of attorney or the authority you are granting to your agent, you should seek legal advice before signing this form.
34	DESIGNATION OF AGENT
35 36	Iname the following person as my agent: (Name of Principal)
37	Name of Agent:
38	Agent's Address:
39	Agent's Telephone Number:
40 41	If my agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as my successor agent:
42	Name of Successor Agent:
43	Successor Agent's Address:
44	Successor Agent's Telephone Number:
45 46	If my successor agent is unable or unwilling to act for me, I name as my second successor agent:
17	Name of Second Suggestor A cent:

() Benefits from Governmental Programs or Civil or

70	Military Service
71	() Retirement Plans
72	() Taxes
73	() All Preceding Subjects
74	GRANT OF SPECIFIC AUTHORITY (OPTIONAL)
75 76 77	My agent MAY NOT do any of the following specific acts for me UNLESS I have INITIALED the specific authority listed below:
78 79 80 81 82	(CAUTION: Granting any of the following will give your agent the authority to take actions that could significantly reduce your property or change how your property is distributed at your death. INITIAL ONLY the specific authority you WANT to give your agent.)
83	Create, amend, revoke, or terminate an inter vivos trust
84 85 86	() Make a gift, subject to the limitations of the West Virginia Uniform Power of Attorney Act and any special instructions in this power of attorney
87	() Create or change rights of survivorship
88	() Create or change a beneficiary designation
89 90	() Authorize another person to exercise the authority granted under this power of attorney
91 92 93	() Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor annuity, including a survivor benefit under a retirement plan

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94 95	() Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate				
96 97	[() Disclaim or refuse an interest in property, including a power of appointment]				
98	LIMITATION ON AGENT'S AUTHORITY				
99	An agent that is not my ancestor, spouse or descendant				
100	MAY NOT use my property to benefit the agent or a person to				
101	whom the agent owes an obligation of support unless I have				
102					
103	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS (OPTIONAL)				
104	You may give special instructions on the following lines:				
105					
106					
107					
108					
109					
110					
111					
112	EFFECTIVE DATE				
113	This power of attorney is effective immediately unless I				
114	have stated otherwise in the special instructions.				
115	NOMINATION OF [CONSERVATOR OR				
116	GUARDIANI (OPTIONAL)				
	30.13.2, (01 110.14.12)				
117	If it becomes necessary for a court to appoint a				
118	[conservator or guardian] of my estate or [guardian] of my				
119	person, I nominate the following person(s) for appointment:				

120	Name of Nominee for [conservator or gua	ardian] of my estate:			
121					
122	Nominee's Address:				
123	Nominee's Telephone Number:				
124	Name of Nominee for [guardian] of my person:				
125	Nominee's Address:				
126	Nominee's Telephone Number:				
127	RELIANCE ON THIS POWER OF ATTORNEY				
128	Any person, including my agent,	may rely upon the			
129	validity of this power of attorney or a copy of it unless that				
130	person knows it has terminated or is inv	alid.			
131	SIGNATURE AND ACKNOW	LEDGMENT			
132					
133	Your Signature	Date			
134	Your Name Printed				
135	Your Address				
136	Your Telephone Number				
137	State of				
138	[County] of				

164	by
165	(Principal's Name) (Your Signature) as Agent
166 167	Unless the special instructions in this power of attorney state otherwise, you must also:
168	(1) Act loyally for the principal's benefit;
169	(2) Avoid conflicts that would impair your ability to act
170	in the principal's best interest;
171	(3) Act with care, competence and diligence;
172	(4) Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements and
173	transactions made on behalf of the principal;
174	(5) Cooperate with any person that has authority to make
175	health-care decisions for the principal to do what you know
176	the principal reasonably expects or, if you do not know the
177	principal's expectations, to act in the principal's best interest
178	and attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan if you
179	know the plan and preserving the plan is consistent with the
180	principal's best interest.
181	Termination of Agent's Authority
182	You must stop acting on behalf of the principal if you
183	learn of any event that terminates this power of attorney or
184	your authority under this power of attorney. Events that
185	terminate a power of attorney or your authority to act under
186	a power of attorney include:
187	(1) Death of the principal;
188	(2) The principal's revocation of the power of attorney or
189	your authority;

190	(3) The occurrence of a termination event stated in the					
191	power of attorney;					
192	(4) The purpose of the power of attorney is fully					
193	accomplished; or					
194	(5) If you are married to the principal, a legal action is					
195	filed with a court to end your marriage or for your legal					
196	separation, unless the Special Instructions in this power of					
197	attorney state that such an action will not terminate your					
198	authority.					
199	Liability of Agent					
1,,,	Zinomiy of rigent					
200	The meaning of the authority granted to you is defined in					
201	the Uniform Power of Attorney Act [insert citation]. If you					
202	violate the Uniform Power of Attorney Act [insert citation] or					
203	act outside the authority granted, you may be liable for any					
204	damages caused by your violation.					
205	If there is anything about this document or your					
206	duties that you do not understand, you should seek legal					
207	advice.					
839R.	-3-102. Agent's certification					
3070	5-102. Agent 3 certification					
1	The following optional form may be used by an agent to					
2	certify facts concerning a power of attorney:					
3	AGENT'S CERTIFICATION AS TO THE VALIDITY					
4	OF POWER OF ATTORNEY AND AGENT'S					
5	AUTHORITY					
6	State of					
_						
7	[County] of					

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I,			*		(Na	meof
Agent),	[certify]	under	-			
					of Princ	
	me authorit				ssor agen	t in a
ower of	attorney da	ited		•		
I, further [certify] that to my knowledge:						
(1) The Principal is alive and has not revoked the power						
of attorney or my authority to act under the power of						
attorney and the power of attorney and my authority to					to act	
under the power of attorney have not terminated;						
(2) I	f the name	- of o	O S ON 11100	d-0	and to be	
• •	f the power					
	upon the ha			it of C	ontingeno	y, tne
event of	contingency	y nas occ	curreu,			
(3) If	T was name	ed as a su	ICCESSOT 20	ent t	he prior ac	rent is
(3) If I was named as a successor agent, the no longer able or willing to serve; and					ne prior a	gent is
no longo	uoio oi wi	ining to t	or vo, and			
(Insert of	ther relevan	t stateme	ents)		1.02	
SI	GNATURE	E AND A	CKNOW	LED	GMENT	
Ager	nt's Signatu	ге		Date	e	_
Agent's l	Name Printe	d				
Agent's A	Address			_		
Agent's 7	Telephone N	umber				

Enr. Com. Sub. for H. B. 4390] 56 This document was acknowledged before me on 33 34 (Date) 35 by _____(Name of Agent) 36 37 38 (Seal, if any) Signature of Notary 39 My commission expires: 40 [This document prepared by:______ 41 ARTICLE 4. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS. §39B-4-101. Uniformity of application and construction. 1 In applying and construing the provisions of this chapter, 2 consideration must be given to the need to promote 3 uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among 4 the states that enact it. §39B-4-102. Relation to electronic signatures in Global and National Commerce Act. 1 This act modifies, limits and supersedes the federal 2 Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U. S. C. §7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit or 3 superscde 15 U. S. C. Section 7001(c), of that act, or 4 5 authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described 6 in 15 U.S. C. Section §7003(b), of that act.

§39B-4-103. Effect on existing powers of attorney.

- 1 Except as otherwise provided in this act, on the effective
- 2 date of this act its provisions apply to:

- 3 (1) A power of attorney created before, on, or after the effective date of this act;
- 5 (2) A judicial proceeding concerning a power of attorney 6 commenced on or after the effective date of this act; and
- 7 (3) A judicial proceeding concerning a power of attorney
 8 commenced before the effective date of this act unless the court
 9 finds that application of a provision of this chapter would
 10 substantially interfere with the effective conduct of the judicial
 11 proceeding or prejudice the rights of a party, in which case that
 12 provision does not apply and the superseded law applies.
- (b) An act done before the effective date of this act is notaffected by this act.

CHAPTER 44A. WEST VIRGINIA GUARDIANSHIP AND CONSERVATORSHIP ACT.

ARTICLE 3. GUARDIANSHIP AND CONSERVATORSHIP ADMINISTRATION.

§44A-3-3. Distributive duties and powers of the conservator of a protected person.

- 1 (a) A conservator of a protected person, without the
- 2 necessity of seeking prior court authorization, shall apply the
- 3 income and principal of the estate as needed for the protected
- 4 person's support, care, health, and if applicable, habilitation,
- 5 education or therapeutic needs. A conservator shall also
- 6 apply the income and principal as needed for the support of
- 7 any legal dependents who are unable to support themselves
- 8 and who are in need of support.
- 9 (b) A conservator, when making distributions, shall 10 exercise authority only to the extent necessitated by the

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- 11 protected person's limitations, and shall, where feasible,
- 12 encourage the protected person to participate in decisions, to
- 13 act on his or her own behalf, and to develop or regain the
- 14 capacity to manage the estate and his or her financial affairs.
- 15 A conservator shall also consider the size of the estate, the
- 16 probable duration of the conservatorship, the protected
- 17 person's accustomed manner of living, other resources known
- 18 to the conservator to be available, and the recommendations
- 19 of the guardian.
- 20 (c) A conservator shall, to the extent known, consider the
- 21 express desires and personal values of the protected person
- 22 when making decisions, and shall otherwise act in the
- 23 protected person's best interests and exercise reasonable care,
- 24 diligence and prudence.

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The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman, House Committee

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

. 2 / 2012